

School Finances 2024-25

Expand your knowledge of school spending in the 2024-25 financial year with our key school spending facts.



State Funding

Total core school funding for 2024-25:

+ £60.7 billion

This funding is allocated to all state-funded schools to help them pay for teacher salaries, energy bills, teaching materials, classroom resources, running costs and more.

Total capital funding for 2024-25:

+ £1.82 billion

This funding is allocated to eligible schools to maintain and improve their school buildings and grounds. This amount may increase if the government release more funding.

The government uses the **National**

How school funding is allocated

Funding Formula to allocate money to all state-funded mainstream schools.

local formula to allocate funding to schools, but the government is now moving to a direct national funding formula to create a fairer model. This transition will continue in the 2024-25 financial year.

Previously, local authorities had their own

 \rightarrow £5,995 per secondary school pupil

→ £4,610 per primary school pupil

This is the minimum amount of funding

schools receive per pupil. However, these figures are usually much higher when additional funding such as the pupil premium is factored in. (Schools will likely spend nearer to around £7,570 on pupils aged 5-16.)



Start of the new financial year: State Schools

1 Independent schools can choose when their new financial year starts, it's usually in line with the

Academy Schools

Start of the new financial year:

start of the tax year (6th April) or the academic year.



Additional Funding Pupil premium

+ £1,480

+ £1,050

free school meals. for each secondary school pupil eligible

for free school meals.

for each primary or

school pupil eligible for

for each primary

+ £2,570

secondary pupil looked after by the local authority.

educational outcomes for disadvantaged pupils. It also supports children and young people whose parents are in the regular armed forces. Universal infant free school meals

Pupil premium funding is allocated to state

schools in England to help improve

+ £10.54 billion

High needs funding

The high needs budget is allocated to local authorities to support learners with SEND,

specifically learners who are unable to attend mainstream schools for their education.

+ Over £600 million

PE and sport premium

The PE and sport premium grant is funding that

receive. It's a grant to help them improve their existing PE provision.

most schools with primary-aged learners can

+ 490 per eligibile pupil

This is funding for all government-funded

schools to allow them to offer free school

meals for their pupils in reception, year 1 and

year 2. Did you know?

through activities such as leasing their sports hall for fitness and exercise classes,

Self generated income

fundraising activities, or allowing the general public to use their car park for events and activities.

£4.8 billion

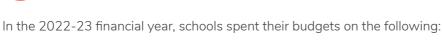
Schools can generate income themselves



education too. To stay on top of the latest announcements, keep an eye on our government funding webpage.

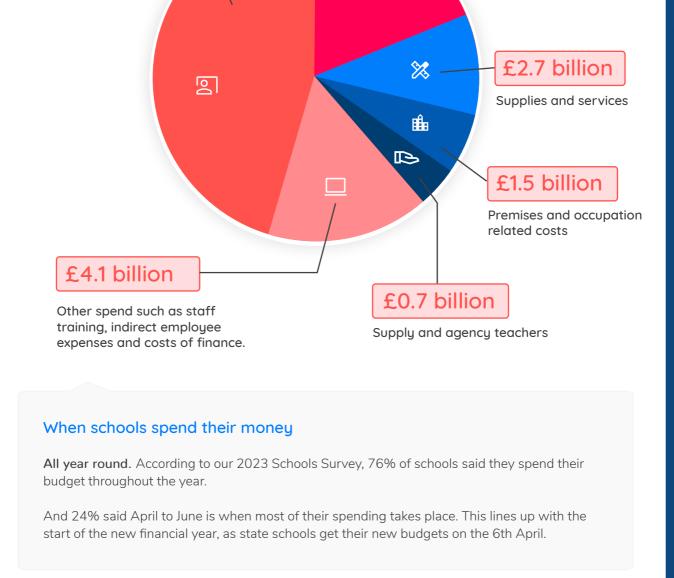
Take a look →

In addition to the main school budget, the government regularly release new funding to support other areas in





What schools spend their money on



Energy costs

★ 60.8% increase from 2021-22

✓ 17% increase from 2021-22

Catering supplies and staff Learning resources

6.8% increase from 2021-22

2

Agency supply teachers

✓ 17% increase from 2021-22

Areas where spending increased in 2022-23



Professional services

related to curriculum

✓ 11.3% increase from 2021-22



Source: www.gov.uk

Watch our video now for all the answers to your most

Watch the video